

Safety data sheet

GB

	according to 1907/2006/EC, Artic	cle 31
Printing date 21.01.2015	V - 1	Revision: 21.01.2015
SECTION 1: Identifica	ntion of the substance/mixture an	d of the company/undertaking
· 1.1 Product identifier		
• Trade name: <u>TRENNLACK</u> • 1.2 Relevant identified uses • Application of the substance	of the substance or mixture and uses a	dvised against Not determined
• 1.3 Details of the supplier of • Manufacturer/Supplier: Vosschemie GmbH Esinger Steinweg 50 D-25436 Uetersen Phone: +49 (0)4122 717 0;	f the safety data sheet Fax: +49 (0)4122 717158; info@vosscl	hemie.de
 Further information obtain. Abteilung Labor / +49 (0) s.schaller@vosschemie.de 1.4 Emergency telephone m Giftinformationszentrum (GI Phone: +49 (0)551 19240 	4122 717 0	
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification	
• 2.1 Classification of the sub • Classification according to	stance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
GHS02 flame		
Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly J	flammable liquid and vapour.	
GHS07		
Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes	serious eye irritation.	
STOT SE 3 H336 May can	use drowsiness or dizziness.	(Contd. on page 2)



V - 1 Revision: 21.01.2015 Printing date 21.01.2015 Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün (Contd. of page 1) · Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC Xi; Irritant R36 Irritating to eyes. F; Highly flammable R11: Highly flammable. *R67*: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. · Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment: In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Contact with skin and inhalation of aerosols/vapours of the preparation should be avoided. At long or repeated contact with skin it may cause dermatitis due to the degreasing effect of the solvent. · 2.2 Label elements · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation. · Hazard pictograms GHS02 GHS07 · Signal word Danger · Hazard-determining components of labelling: propan-2-ol butanol · Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. · Precautionary statements P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P261 Avoid breathing sprav. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction: Alcohol resistant foam. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use for extinction: Fire-extinguishing powder. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403+P233 · 2.3 Other hazards · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment · PBT: Not applicable. · vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 2)

Dangerous components:		
CAS: 67-63-0 EINECS: 200-661-7 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457558-25	propan-2-ol Xi R36; F R11 R67	25-50%
	🚸 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; 🚸 Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	- •
CAS: 78-92-2 EINECS: 201-158-5	butanol Xi R36/37 R10-67	2.5-10%
	♦ Flam. Liq. 3, H226; ♦ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H335- H336	
CAS: 67-56-1	methanol	0.1-1.0%
EINECS: 200-659-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119433307-44	 T R23/24/25-39/23/24/25; F R11 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; 	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

· 4.1 Description of first aid measures

· General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After inhalation:

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

• After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Use skin protection cream for skin protection.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

• After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

• After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

• 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:
- CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- \cdot 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire. In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

(Contd. on page 4)

GB

Printing date 21.01.2015

VOSSCHEMIE

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 3)

· 5.3 Advice for firefighters

· Protective equipment:

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Additional information

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep away from ignition sources.
 Ensure adequate ventilation Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
 Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- **6.4 Reference to other sections** See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keen ionition gauges guy Do not such as the second seco

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect against electrostatic charges. Flammable gas-air mixtures may form in empty receptacles. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture. Vapours of the product are heavier than air and may accumulate on the ground, in mines, drains or cellars with higher concentration. Anti-explosion protection required

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store only in the original receptacle. Adhere to the provisions of the Law on Water Protection. Provide solvent resistant, sealed floor.
 Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidising agents.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles. Store receptacle in a well ventilated area. Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

· Recommended storage temperature: + 10 °C - + 30 °C

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

(Contd. of page 4)

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

• 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

• Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· 8.1 Control parameters

67-63-0 pr	opan-2-ol		
-	-	Short-term value: 1250 mg/m ³ , 50	0 ррт
,		Long-term value: 999 mg/m ³ , 400	
78-92-2 bu	ıtanol		
WEL (Gree	at Britain)	Short-term value: 462 mg/m³, 150) ppm
		Long-term value: 308 mg/m³, 100	ррт
67-56-1 m			
WEL (Gree	at Britain)	Short-term value: 333 mg/m ³ , 250	**
		Long-term value: 266 mg/m ³ , 200 Sk	ppm
IOELV (El	U)	Long-term value: 260 mg/m³, 200 ppm Skin	
DNELs			
67-63-0 pr	opan-2-ol		
Oral	Long-tern	n exposure - systemic effects	26 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
Dermal	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	319 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
			888 mg/kg bw/day (worker)
Inhalative	Long-term exposure - systemic effects		89 mg/m ³ (general population)
			$500 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (worker)}$
67-56-1 m	ethanol		1
Oral	Acute/sho	rt-term exposure - systemic effects	8 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	8 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
Dermal	Acute/short-term exposure - systemic effects		8 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
			40 mg/kg bw/day (worker)
	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	8 mg/kg bw/day (general population)
			40 mg/kg bw/day (worker)
Inhalative	Acute/sho	rt-term exposure - local effects	50 mg/m ³ (general population)
			260 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Acute/short-term exposure - systemic effects		50 mg/m ³ (general population)
			260 mg/m ³ (worker)
	Long-tern	1 exposure - local effects	50 mg/m^3 (general population)
			$260 mg/m^3$ (worker)
	Long-tern	1 exposure - systemic effects	50 mg/m ³ (general population)
	-		260 mg/m ³ (worker)
PNECs			•
67-63-0 pr	opan-2-ol		
PNEC ST		1 mg/l (-)	



Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

	(Contd. of page 5)
PNEC aqua	140.9 mg/l (freshwater)
140.9 mg/l (marine water)	
PNEC sediment	522 mg/kg (freshwater)
	522 mg/kg (marine water)
PNEC soil	28 mg/kg (-)
67-56-1 methan	ol
PNEC STP	100 mg/l (-)
PNEC aqua	154 mg/l (freshwater)
	15.4 mg/l (marine water)
	1540 mg/l (intermittent releases)
PNEC sediment	570.4 mg/kg (freshwater)
PNEC soil	25.3 mg/kg (soil dw)
. Additional infor	mation. The lists valid during the making were used as basis

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working. Use skin protection cream for skin protection. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
- · Respiratory protection:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Filter A/P2

· Protection of hands:

To avoid skin problems reduce the wearing of gloves to the required minimum. *Check the permeability prior to each anewed use of the glove.* Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Nitrile rubber, NBR Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton) Butyl rubber, BR Recommended thickness of the material: $\geq 0.4 - 0.7$ mm · Penetration time of glove material

For the mixture of chemicals mentioned below the penetration time has to be at least 480 minutes (Permeation according to EN 374 Part 3: Level 6).

(Contd. on page 7)

GB



Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 6)

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• Eye protection:

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and ch	nemical properties
 9.1 Information on basic physical a General Information Appearance: 	and chemical properties
Form:	Viscous
Colour:	According to product specification
· Odour:	Characteristic
· pH-value at 20 °C:	6.5 (DIN 19268)
• Change in condition Melting point/Melting range: Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined. > 82 °C (Lit.)
· Flash point:	18 °C (EN ISO 2719)
· Ignition temperature:	340 °C (Lit.)
· Self-igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.
· Danger of explosion:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air vapour mixtures are possible.
· Explosion limits:	
Lower:	1.4 Vol % (Lit.)
Upper:	12.0 Vol % (Lit.)
· Vapour pressure at 20 •C:	< 41 hPa (Lit.)
· Density at 20 •C:	0.9 g/cm ³ (DIN 51757)
· Vapour density at 25 •C	> 2.1 (Lit.)
· Solubility in / Miscibility with water:	Soluble.
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wat	t er): Not determined
· Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Kinematic at 40 °C:	> 20.5 mm ² /s (DIN 53015)
• 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity No decomposition if used according to specifications.

• 10.2 Chemical stability No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

(Contd. on page 8)

GB

Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 7)

• 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Reacts with oxidising agents.

Reacts with alkaline metals.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid

OSSCHEMIE

Protect from heat.

Avoid naked flames, sparks, other ignition sources and sunlight.

• 10.5 Incompatible materials: Reacts with oxidising agents.

• 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

• Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

This statement was deduced from the properties of the single components.

Oral	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (calculated)
		> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit) (calculated)
Inhalative	LC50 /4h	> 20 mg/l (rat) (calculated)

67-63-0 pr	opan-2-ol	
Oral	LD50	5840 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)
Dermal	LD50	13900 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402)
Inhalative	LC50 /4h	> 25 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403)
78-92-2 bı	ıtanol	
Oral	LD50	2193 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50 /4h	48.5 mg/l (rat)
67-56-1 m	ethanol	
Oral	LD50	5628 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	15800 mg/kg (rabbit)
I. I. I. at a dia a	1 050 /11	$92.9 \dots \sqrt{4}$

Inhalative LC50 /4h 83.8 mg/l (rat) • Primary irritant effect:

• on the skin:

At long or repeated contact with skin it may cause dermatitis due to the degreasing effect of the solvent.

• on the eye: Irritating effect.

• Subacute to chronic toxicity: No further relevant information available.

• Additional toxicological information:

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation of concentrated vapours as well as oral intake will lead to anaesthesia-like conditions and headache, disziness, etc.

• Sensitisation No sensitising effects known.

· CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 9)

GB



VOSSCHEMIE

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 21.01.2015

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 8)

Aquatic toxicity: EC5048h > 100 mg/l (Aphnia) (calculated) EC5072h > 100 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) (calculated) LC5096h > 100 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) (calculated) EC5073h > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC5073h > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC5073h > 100 mg/l (carangon crangon) 13299 mg/l (daphnia magna) - EC5073h > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC5096h > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50976h > 100 mg/l (calphnia magna) LC50976h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC5048h EC5048h > 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50976h > 1000 mg/l (calphnia magna) LC50976h > 10000 mg/l (capomis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 122 Persistence and degradabiliy 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Eodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol Eodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d) 67-63-0 propan-2-ol	12.1 Toxic	ity
EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchmeriella subcapitata) (calculated) 67-63-0 propan-2-ol EC50 > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (fish) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/98h EC50/98h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 67-56 - methanol EC50/98h EC50 8000 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda) (192h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/98h > 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 12.2 Persistence and degradability 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Eiodegradation Eiodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol Eiodegradation Eiodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD - 301D (20d)) 1	Aquatic to	xicity:
LC50.96h > 100 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) (calculated) 67-63-0 propan-2-ol EC50 > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC50/48h 1099 mg/l (crangon crangon) 13299 mg/l (alghnia magna) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50.96h > 100 mg/l (fish) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/48h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50.96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/48h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50.96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 67-56-1 methanol EC0 EC0 8000 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (192h) 6500 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/48h LC50.96h 15400 mg/l (lepennia magna) LC50.96h 15400 mg/l (congunacochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 24400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 12.2 Persistence and degradability 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol Edoegradation Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d) 67-56-1 methanol	EC50/48h	> 100 mg/l (daphnia) (calculated)
7-63-0 propan-2-ol EC50 > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC50/8h 1099 mg/l (crangon crangon) 13299 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (algae) > 1000 mg/l (sh) 9640 mg/l (sh) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/78h > 100 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h > 100 mg/l (algae) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/48h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (algane) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (algane) EC50 8000 mg/l (scenedesmus quadricauda) (192h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/48h EC50/96h 15400 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (apemis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) EC50-98bi 10000 mg/l (cDCD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol 800 Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d) 67-63-0 propan-2-ol 800 Biodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD - 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-56-1 <tr< td=""><td>EC50/72h</td><td>> 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (calculated)</td></tr<>	EC50/72h	> 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (calculated)
EC50 > 100 mg/l (bacteria) EC50/48h 1099 mg/l (crangon crangon) 13299 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (algae) > 1000 mg/l (signe) > 100 mg/l (fish) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/78h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 5760 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/78h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 67-56-1 methanol ECO 8000 mg/l (scenedesmus quadricauda) (192h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/48h > 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (beromis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 12.2 Persistence and degradability 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol Biodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD - 301D (20d)) 13.3 Bioaccumul	LC50/96h	> 100 mg/l (poecilia reticulata) (calculated)
EC50/48h 1099 mg/l (crangon crangon) 13299 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/72h > 1000 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50/96h > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50/96h > 100 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol	67-63-0 pr	opan-2-ol
13299 mg/l (daphnia magna) EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (algae) > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50/96h > 100 mg/l (fish) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/48h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 67-56-1 methanol EC0 8000 mg/l (scenedesmus quadricauda) (192h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/48h > 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 76-61-methanol 12.2 Persistence and degradability 76-63-0 propan-2-ol Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol Biodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD - 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol Biodegradation > 97 % (-) (OECD- 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol Bog Pow 0.05 (-)	EC50	> 100 mg/l (bacteria)
EC50/72h > 100 mg/l (algae) > 100 mg/l (scenedesmus subspicatus) LC50/96h > 100 mg/l (fish) 9640 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 78-92-2 butanol EC50/48h 4227 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 3670 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 57-56-1 methanol 8000 mg/l (Scenedesmus quadricauda) (192h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) 6600 mg/l (pseudomonas putida) (16h) EC50/48h > 10000 mg/l (daphnia magna) LC50/96h 15400 mg/l (Lepomis macrochirus) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 29400 mg/l (pimephales promelas) 12.2 Persistence and degradability 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Biodegradation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d) 78-92-2 butanol 8000 cuptor (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d) 67-56-1 methanol 800 cuptor (OECD - 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Iog Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol 100 (20d) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol Iog Pow 0.05 (-) 12.9 Cuptor (DECD - 301D (20d)) 12.9 Cuptor (DECD - 301D (20d)) 12.8 Mobility in soil 	EC50/48h	1099 mg/l (crangon crangon)
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Biodegradation > 98 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d) 67-56-1 methanol Biodegradation 97 % (-) (OECD- 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol log Pow 0.61 (-) 67-56-1 methanol BCF < 10 (fish) Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:	Biodegrad	ation > 95 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 21d)
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Biodegradation 97 % (-) (OECD- 301D (20d)) 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential 67-63-0 propan-2-ol log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol log Pow 0.61 (-) 67-56-1 methanol BCF <10 (fish) Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:	Biodegrad	ation > 98 % (-) (OECD 301E, C.4-B, 19d)
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67-63-0 propan-2-ol log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol log Pow 0.61 (-) 67-56-1 methanol BCF < 10 (fish)	Biodegrad	ation 97 % (-) (OECD- 301D (20d))
log Pow 0.05 (-) 78-92-2 butanol log Pow 0.61 (-) 67-56-1 methanol BCF < 10 (fish) Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:	12.3 Bioac	cumulative potential
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log Pow 0.61 (-) 67-56-1 methanol BCF < 10 (fish) Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:	log Pow 0	.05 (-)
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Behaviour in environmental systems: 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:		ethanol
12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. Additional ecological information:		•
Additional ecological information:		•

V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Printing date 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

(Contd. of page 9)

· 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: Not applicable.

• **vPvB:** Not applicable.

· 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- · Recommendation
- Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- · Waste disposal key:

The waste codes given above are to be considered recommendations; because of regional and industrial sector specific features, application of different waste codes is possible.

· European waste catalogue

07 02 04* other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1987
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG, IATA	1987 ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. Alcohols, N.O.S. (Isopropanol (Isopropy Alcohol), Butanols)
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
· Class · Label	3 Flammable liquids. 3
· 14.4 Packing group	0
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	
• Marine pollutant:	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user · Danger code (Kemler): · EMS Number:	Warning: Flammable liquids. 33 F-E,S-D
· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anne MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	x II of Not applicable.
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Printing date 21.01.2015 V - 1

Revision: 21.01.2015

Trade name: TRENNLACK farblos/grün

	(Contd. of page 1
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.
· ADR	
· Limited quantities (LQ)	1L
Transport category	3
• Tunnel restriction code	D/E

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- · National regulations:
- · Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed. Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

 6 Flammable liquid and vapour. 1 Toxic if swallowed. 1 Toxic in contact with skin. 9 Causes serious eye irritation. 1 Toxic if inhaled. 5 May cause respiratory irritation. 6 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 0 Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 	
 6 Flammable liquid and vapour. 1 Toxic if swallowed. 1 Toxic in contact with skin. 9 Causes serious eye irritation. 1 Toxic if inhaled. 5 May cause respiratory irritation. 6 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 0 Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	-
 Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H225
 Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H226
 9 Causes serious eye irritation. 1 Toxic if inhaled. 5 May cause respiratory irritation. 6 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 0 Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H301
 Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H311
 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H319
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H331
 Causes damage to organs. Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H335
Flammable. Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and i swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	H336
 Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	H370
 Highly flammable. 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	R10
 24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and is swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	R10 R11
Irritating to eyes. 37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and is swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	R11 R23/24/25
 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. 23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and is swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. 	R25/24/25 R36
23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and i swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	R36/37
Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
artmont issuing MSDS. Abtailung Labor	R67
<i>tact:</i> Frau S. Schaller <i>reviations and acronyms:</i> Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the hational Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) : International Civil Aviation Organisation Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International age of Dangerous Goods by Road) G: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods : International Air Transport Association Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	Contact: Fra Abbreviation <i>RID: Règlemer</i> <i>International T</i> <i>ICAO: Internat</i> <i>ADR: Accord e</i> <i>Carriage of Da</i> <i>IMDG: Internat</i> <i>IATA: Internati</i> <i>GHS: Globally</i>
CS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances	ELINCS: Europ
Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) (Contd. on page 12)	



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V - 1

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(Contd. of page 11)

GB

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 3 Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 3 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2 STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3 STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Hazard Category 3